

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80

- N.B.: (1) Questions No.1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.  
 (3) Assume suitable data if required.  
 (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q 1. Solve any four

20

- a) Compare Impulse invariant method and BLT method.
- b) If  $x[n]=\{1,2,1,2\}$ , determine  $X[K]$  using DIF FFT.
- c) State and prove frequency shifting property of DFT.
- d) Write a short note on replication.
- e) State advantages of digital filters.

Q 2 a) Develop composite radix DITFFT flow graph for  $N=6=2*3$ .

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b) Design a digital Butterworth filter that satisfies following constraints using bilinear transformation method. Assume  $T_s=0.1s$ .

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$$0.8 \leq |H(e^{j\omega})| \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq \omega \leq 0.2\pi$$

$$|H(e^{j\omega})| \leq 0.2 \quad 0.6\pi \leq \omega \leq \pi$$

Q 3 a) Explain Dual Tone Multifrequency Detection using Goertzel's algorithm.

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b) Design a linear phase FIR low Pass filter of length 7 and cut off frequency 1 rad/sec using Hamming window.

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Q 4 a) Compute DFT of  $x[n]=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$  using DITFFT algorithm.

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b) Explain Finite word length effects in digital filters.

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Q.5 a) Explain Architecture of TMS320C67XX DSP processor with the help of neat block Diagram

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b) Find DFT of  $x(n)=\{1,2,3,4\}$ . Using these results and not otherwise find DFT

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i)  $x_1(n)=\{4,1,2,3\}$

ii)  $x_2(n)=\{2,3,4,1\}$

iii)  $x_3(n)=\{6,4,6,4\}$

Q 6. Solve following

a) Obtain digital filter transfer function by applying impulse invariance transfer function.

08

$$H(s) = \frac{s}{(s+5)(s+2)} \quad \text{if } T_s=0.1s.$$

b) Explain application of DSP processor to radar signal processing.

06

c) Write short note on limit cycle oscillations

06

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